Kinetic studies by the present authors[4,19] evaluate effects of pressure, temperature, displacive shearing stresses and even of minute traces of moisture in several solid-state reactions involving amorphous or crystalline compounds. The use of displacive shearing stresses have helped resolve the polymorphic relations in $ThSiO_4$.[20]

Densification of glasses[21] and crystallisation of glasses[22] under pressure have received considerable attention.

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APPENDIX

66 HS	Molybdenum high-speed steel, Type 6–5–4–2. AISI-SAE Designation M-2 Source—Bethlehem Steel Co.
Speed Star	Also an M-2 steel Source—Carpenter Steel Co.
TK	Tungsten base—9%, hot work type. AISI-SAE Designation H21 Source—Carpenter Steel Co.
Rene' 41	Also known as Alloy R-41 Vacuum melted, nickel base alloy with high strength in the 650—980° range Source—General Electric; Haynes Stellite
Stellite-25	A cobalt-base alloy with good high-temperature properties Source—Haynes Stellite
Titanium carbide	Nickel cemented titanium carbide in various compositions as Kenntanium, by Kennametal Inc.
Tungsten carbide	Cobalt cemented tungsten carbide in various compositions Source—General Electric; Kennametal
Tungsten	Special shapes made by Metallwerk Plansee, Tirol, Austria